

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

(in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

NOTICE TO READER

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of condensed consolidated interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

Unaudited condensed consolidated interim statements of financial position (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Note	D	December 31, 2016		eptember 30, 2016
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	6,873,042	\$	6,928,818
Amounts receivable			166,634		166,321
Prepaid expenses and other deposits			82,931		90,485
			7,122,607		7,185,624
Non-current assets					
Exploration and evaluation assets	4		2,970,906		2,915,406
Property, plant and equipment	5		25,841		28,302
Investment in associate and joint ventures	6		119,443		119,880
		\$	10,238,797	\$	10,249,212
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$	387,171	\$	390,211
Loans payable	7		237,246		231,893
			624,417		622,104
Equity					
Share capital	8		110,392,414		110,392,414
Contributed surplus	8		13,082,340		13,082,340
Accumulated other comprehensive income			9,962,617		7,757,337
Non-controlling interest	9		(154,427)		(161,575)
Deficit			(123,668,564)		(121,443,408)
			9,614,380		9,627,108
		\$	10,238,797	\$	10,249,212

Going Concern (Note 2(c)) Commitments (Note 4)

Approved and authorized for issue by the Board on February 28, 2017.

__(Signed) "Paul Larkin" ______ (Signed) "David Cohen" ______ Director ______ Director

See the accompanying notes to these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Esrey Energy Ltd.Unaudited condensed consolidated interim statements of comprehensive income (loss) (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

		hree months ended December 31,	Three months ended December 31,
	Note	2016	2015
Expenses:			
Depreciation	5	\$ 2,462	\$ 3,268
General and administrative expenses		80,707	80,861
Professional fees		135,961	264,149
Share based payments	8(d)	-	17,430
Travel and business development		-	830
		(219,130)	(366,538)
Other income (expenses):			
Interest income		1,150	793
Other income		3,296	3,641
Loss from investment in joint venture		(436)	(69,200)
Foreign exchange gain		300,054	384,448
-		304,064	319,682
Income (loss) for the period before income tax		84,934	(46,856)
Income tax recovery	10	-	1,263,150
Income (loss) from continuing operations after income tax		84,934	1,216,294
Income (loss) from discontinued operations after income tax	11	(2,308,983)	-
Net income (loss) for the period		\$ (2,224,049)	\$ 1,216,294
Attributable to:			
Non-controlling interest	9	1,107	(25,564)
Equity shareholders of the Company		(2,225,156)	1,241,858
		\$ (2,224,049)	\$ 1,216,294
Other comprehensive income			
Foreign currency translation gain attributed			
to non-controlling interest		6,041	(7,321)
Foreign currency translation gain (loss) for		,	(, ,
equity shareholders of the Company		2,205,280	(157,447)
		\$ (12,728)	\$ 1,051,526
Income (loss) per share			
Basic and diluted from continuing operations	12	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.03
Basic and diluted from discontinued operations	12	\$ (0.06)	\$ -

Esrey Energy Ltd.
Unaudited condensed consolidated interim statements of changes in equity (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Number of shares	S	Share capital	C	Contributed surplus	С	Accumulated other comprehensive income		other control comprehensive interes		other comprehensive		other comprehensive		other comprehensive		other comprehensive		other comprehensive		Non- ontrolling interest	Deficit	Total equity													
Balance, October 1, 2015 (Restated Note 19)	39,762,771	\$	110,392,414	\$	13,047,616	\$	7,959,259	\$	(53,335)	\$ (120,077,257)	\$	11,268,697																								
Share based payments (Note 8d)	-		-		17,430		-		-	-		17,430																								
Net gain (loss) for the quarter	-		-		-		-		(25,564)	1,241,858		1,216,294																								
Foreign currency translation	-		-		-		(157,384)		(7,323)	-		(164,707)																								
Balance, December 31, 2015 (Restated Note 19)	39,762,771	\$	110,392,414	\$	13,065,046	\$	7,801,875	\$	(86,222)	\$ (118,835,399)	\$	12,337,714																								
Share based payments (Note 8d)	-		-		17,294		-		-	-		17,294																								
Net gain (loss) for the year	-		-		-		-		(35,353)	(2,608,009)		(2,643,362)																								
Foreign currency translation	-		-		-		(44,538)		(40,000)	-		(84,538)																								
Balance, September 30, 2016	39,762,771	\$	110,392,414	\$	13,082,340	\$	7,757,337	\$	(161,575)	\$ (121,443,408)	\$	9,627,108																								
Share based payments (Note 8d)	-		-		-		-		-	-		-																								
Net gain (loss) for the quarter	-		-		-		-		1,107	(2,225,156)		(2,224,049)																								
Foreign currency translation	-		-		-		2,205,280		6,041	-		2,211,321																								
Balance, December 31, 2016	39,762,771	\$	110,392,414	\$	13,082,340	\$	9,962,617	\$	(154,427)	\$ (123,668,564)	\$	9,614,380																								

See the accompanying notes to these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Esrey Energy Ltd.
Unaudited condensed consolidated interim statements of cash flows (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Note	ended ecember 31, 2016	Three months ended December 31, 2015
Operating activities			
Loss before income taxes		\$ (2,224,049)	\$ (46,856)
Adjustments to net loss for non-cash items			, ,
Depreciation	5	2,462	3,268
Share based payments	8(c)	-	17,430
Interest income		(1,150)	(793)
Loss from investment in joint venture		436	69,200
Foreign exchange gain		(300,054)	(430,786)
Net changes in non-cash working capital items	12	3,381	162,199
		(2,518,974)	(226,338)
Adjustments to net loss for cash items			
Interest income received		1,150	794
Realized foreign exchange loss		(1,668)	(2,029)
Taxes paid		-	(1,091)
Cash used in operating activities by continuing operations		(2,519,492)	(228,664)
Cash from operating activities by discontinued operations		2,308,983	-
		(210,509)	(228,664)
Financing activities:			
Loans from joint ventures		-	164,402
		-	164,402
Investing activities:			
Investment in joint ventures	6	-	(138,400)
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	4	-	(37,966)
		-	(176,366)
Foreign exchange effect on cash and cash equivalents		154,733	289,624
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(55,776)	48,996
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		 6,928,818	6,782,208
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		\$ 6,873,042	\$ 6,831,204

Notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

1. Nature of operations

Esrey Energy Ltd. (the "Company" or "Esrey") was incorporated on February 24, 2000 in the Province of British Columbia and changed its name from LNG Energy Ltd. to Esrey Energy Ltd. on November 13, 2013. The Company's common shares trade under the symbol "EEL" on the TSX Venture Exchange. The Company is engaged in exploration activities on its oil and gas properties in Papua New Guinea. The address of Esrey's registered office is Suite 250, 1075 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6E 3C9.

2. Basis of presentation and going concern

(a) Statement of compliance

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company for the three months ended December 31, 2016, have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and Interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee. They have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and should be read in conjunction with the Company's September 30, 2016 audited annual financial statements.

The significant accounting policies applied in these financial statements are based on IFRS issued and outstanding policies as of February 28, 2017, the date the Board of Directors approved the financial statements.

(b) Basis of measurement

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, and are presented in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make certain critical accounting estimates and exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies. As a precise determination of many assets and liabilities is dependent upon future events, the preparation of consolidated financial statements for a period involves the use of estimates, which have been made using careful judgment. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment, complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4 of the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2016.

(c) Going concern

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which assumes the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations.

The Company continues to be in the exploration stage and therefore has generated no revenues to date from its existing properties. The Company will be required to incur significant amounts of capital on its exploration and evaluation projects in order to meet the work commitments dictated by the terms of the concessions, determine whether commercially economical reserves exist and, if commercially economical reserves exist, to further develop the properties. As a result, the Company will be required to raise capital or seek other alternatives such as farm-out arrangements or the sale of properties in order to generate this capital.

Notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

2. Basis of presentation and going concern (continued)

(c) Going concern (continued)

There can be no assurance that funding will be available to the Company when needed or, if available, that this funding will be on acceptable terms. If adequate funds are not available, the Company may not be able to further develop its exploration and evaluation projects.

Even if adequate funds are available, there is no guarantee that the Company will meet the work commitments dictated by the terms of the concessions (Note 4). If the Company does not meet the work commitments dictated by the terms of a concession and is not able to obtain an amendment or extension, the Company risks losing the concession. Whether the Company meets the work commitments of a concession or not, there is no guarantee that the Company will discover commercially economical reserves or, if commercially economical reserves are found, there is no guarantee that the Company will be able to further develop its properties. The Company presently does not have sufficient funds to develop all of its existing properties and to continue with ongoing operations. As a result, material uncertainties exist with respect to the recovery of costs previously spent on capital projects and the ability to find, develop and produce oil and natural gas reserves. In turn, significant doubt may exist with respect to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Management believes the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate based upon the assumption that the Company will have sufficient cash resources to meet its ongoing obligations as they become due in the normal course of operations. The Company has successfully raised financing in the past and believes that it may be able to raise the necessary financing in the future.

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include any adjustments to the amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the Company may be required to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in other than the normal course of business at amounts different from those reflected in the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

3. Significant accounting policies

The preparation of these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements is based on accounting principles and practices consistent with those used in the preparation of the audited consolidated financial statements as at September 30, 2016, amended, were applicable, by the adoption of the new amended accounting standards outlined below. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2016.

(a) Application of new and revised IFRS

Effective October 1, 2016, there were no new or revised IFRS that were issued by the IASB that were adopted by the Company.

Notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Future accounting pronouncements

Certain pronouncements have been issued by the IASB that are mandatory for accounting years beginning after October 1, 2016 or later years.

Accounting standards issued but not yet effective:

- (i) Amended standard IFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures

 The amendments to IFRS 7 outline the disclosures required when initially applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments. Effective date January 1, 2018.
- (ii) New standard IFRS 9, Financial Instruments
 Replacement of IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. Effective date January 1, 2018.
- (iii) New standard IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers
 IFRS 15 provides guidance on how and when revenue from contracts with customers is
 to be recognized, along with new disclosure requirements in order to provide financial
 statement users with more informative and relevant information. Effective date January
 1, 2018.
- (iv) New standard IFRS 16, Leases

 Effective for annual periods commencing on or after January 1, 2019, this replaces existing lease accounting guidance. All leases will be required to be reported on the statement of financial position unless certain requirements for exclusion are met.

The Company has not early adopted these new and amended standards and is currently assessing the impact that these standards will have on the financial statements.

Notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

4. Exploration and evaluation assets

	Рари	ıa New Guinea	Poland	Uı	nited States	Bulgaria	Total
Cost Balance, September 30, 2015 Additions Foreign exchange movement	\$	49,910,304 \$ 82,982 (5,855,580)	\$ 1,477,745 - -	\$	3,188,756 - -	\$ 7,570,435 - -	\$ 62,147,240 82,982 (5,855,580)
Balance, September 30, 2016	\$	44,137,706	\$ 1,477,745	\$	3,188,756	\$ 7,570,435	\$ 56,374,642
Additions Foreign exchange movement		- 840,232	- -		- -	- -	- 840,232
Balance, December 31, 2016	\$	44,977,938	\$ 1,477,745	\$	3,188,756	\$ 7,570,435	\$ 57,214,874
Accumulated depletion and impairment losses Balance, September 30, 2015 Impairment Foreign exchange movement	\$	46,697,708	\$ 1,477,745 - -	\$	3,188,756 - -	\$ 7,570,435 - -	\$ 58,934,644 - (5,475,408)
Balance, September 30, 2016	\$	41,222,300	\$ 1,477,745	\$	3,188,756	\$ 7,570,435	\$ 53,459,236
Impairment Foreign exchange movement		- 784,732	-		-	-	- 784,732
Balance, December 31, 2016	\$	42,007,032	\$ 1,477,745	\$	3,188,756	\$ 7,570,435	\$ 54,243,968
Carrying amounts							
Carrying value at September 30, 2015	\$	3,212,596	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 3,212,596
Carrying value at September 30, 2016	\$	2,915,406	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,915,406
Carrying value at December 31, 2016	\$	2,970,906	\$ 	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,970,906

Notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

4. Exploration and evaluation assets (continued)

- (a) Papua New Guinea
 - (i) Business transactions

On April 22, 2013, the Company closed a farm-in agreement with Heritage in which Heritage obtained an 80% participating interest in both Petroleum Prospecting License ("PPL") 486 and Petroleum Retention License ("PRL") 13, subject to the fulfillment of certain work commitments, in exchange for payment of \$7,522,079. The work commitments consisted of the following:

- Acquisition of a minimum of 78km of seismic within the license areas; and,
- Drilling and completion of one exploration well in PPL 486 to a depth sufficient to test identified exploration targets.

In May 2014, Heritage informed the Company it had acquired a total of 235km of seismic, of which 215km was on PPL 486 and 20km was on PRL 13. This satisfied the requirements of the second tranche of the farm-in agreement and ensured Heritage retained a minimum 40% interest in PPL 486 and PRL 13. In order for Heritage to retain its additional 40% interest, Heritage was required to drill and complete one exploration well in PPL 486 to a depth sufficient to test identified exploration targets.

On May 30, 2014, the Company's subsidiaries, Telemu, LNG BC, LNG PNG and LNG Energy No. 2 Limited, entered into an amendment to the farm-in agreement with Heritage. In exchange for the extension of the deadline to spud the first exploration well from October 1, 2014, to December 31, 2015, the farm-in agreement was amended as follows:

- Telemu received a further cash payment of US\$2,500,000 (Cdn\$2,710,250);
- Heritage would carry Telemu for 30% of Telemu's 20% interest in a second exploration well, in the event that a second well is drilled; and
- Heritage would fund 100% of any joint operating costs incurred after the fulfillment of its
 obligations under the farm-in agreement in respect of the first exploration well until the earlier
 of the spud of the second exploration well or the 180th day following the date of testing and
 suspension or abandonment of the first exploration well.

On September 22, 2015, the Company was notified by Heritage that it would not be funding the drilling of the first exploration well on PPL 486 and therefore would not fulfill its final commitment under the farm-in agreement. Under the farm-in agreement, Heritage had the option to withdraw from PPL 486 and PRL 13 licenses (the "Licenses") or to retain a 40% participating interest in the Licenses. Heritage advised the Company that it wished to retain a 40% participating interest and as a result re-transferred the other 40% participating interest in the Licenses back to Telemu and LNG PNG. In accordance with the farm-in agreement, Telemu and LNG PNG assumed operatorship of the Licenses.

On September 29, 2015, Telemu and LNG PNG filed the necessary documents with the Department of Petroleum and Energy ("DPE") to assume operatorship of PPL 486 and PRL 13 with immediate effect. On November 11, 2015, the necessary documents were filed with the DPE for the re-transfer of a 40% interest in PPL 486 and PRL 13 back to Telemu and LNG PNG, respectively. These re-transfers require Minister acknowledgement. As of the date of these financial statements, this acknowledgement has not been received.

Notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

4. Exploration and evaluation assets (continued)

(a) Papua New Guinea (continued)

(ii) Licenses

As at December 31, 2016, the Company holds a 50.55% working interest in PPL 486 (formerly PPL 319), an 84.25% working interest in PPL 321, and a 60% working interest in PRL 13 through permits received from the Minister of Petroleum and Energy for Papua New Guinea ("Minister"). In November 2014, PPLs 320 and 322 expired and were allowed to lapse.

PPL 486

PPL 486 was obtained in June 2014, and is the result of the top-filing of PPL 319. PPL 486 encompasses the same territory as PPL 319 did and has a six year term along with conditional work and expenditure commitments. The entire work program includes:

- Years 1 and 2: acquisition of a minimum of 50km of seismic and the drilling of the first exploration well at a cost of no less than US\$30 million (including cost to all parties – "gross");
- Years 3 and 4: analysis of the data acquired in years 1 and 2, acquisition of an additional minimum of 50km of seismic, and the drilling of a second exploration well at a gross cost of no less than US\$30 million; and
- Years 5 and 6: analysis of data from the previous four years and the drilling of a third exploration well at a gross cost of no less than US\$25 million.

On September 11, 2015, the Company was informed that the Minister had approved a variance to move the requirement for 50km of seismic from Years 1 and 2 into Years 3 and 4, thereby bringing the total seismic requirement for Years 3 and 4 to 100km. On June 10, 2016 a variance was filed with the DPE requesting a change in the work program for PPL 486. This variance would move the well requirement for Years 1 and 2 into Years 3 and 4 with an option for additional seismic in place of the well and would reduce the overall minimum required expenditure under the work program. As of February 28, 2017, approval for the variance has not been received. Management believes that the variance will be approved by the Minister. If the variance application is unsuccessful, the DPE may cancel the license which potentially may result in the carrying amount of \$1,075,679 related to PPL 486 being written off.

Up until September 22, 2015, the Company had a 16.85% interest in PPL 486. Due to Heritage not fulfilling its final commitment under the farm-in agreement, Heritage re-transferred the other 40% participating interest in the licenses back to the Company's subsidiary Telemu. Therefore as at December 31, 2016, the Company has a 50.55% working interest in PPL 486.

PPL 321

The Company submitted an application to simultaneously surrender and top-file PPL 321 in August 2014, seeking a new 6 year license. PPL 321 expired in November 2014 and, as at February 28, 2017, the Company had not received a formal response from the DPE with regards to the top-filing application for PPL 321. On September 30, 2015, the Company fully impaired the carrying amount of \$883,760 (1.9 million kina) with respect to PPL 321, given that the granting of the license renewal remains outstanding.

Notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

4. Exploration and evaluation assets (continued)

- (a) Papua New Guinea (continued)
 - (ii) Licenses (continued)

PRL 13

Effective June 2014, the Company was granted a three year extension for PRL 13. This extension carried with it a commitment to acquire 10km of seismic in each of the first two years of the extension carrying a value of US\$2.8 million. Prior to the granting of the extension, the Company acquired approximately 20km of seismic on PRL 13. All work commitments have been fulfilled. The extension also carried with it a commitment to acquire further seismic or drill a well by the end of the third year with a minimum gross expenditure of US\$31 million that has not been met and must be completed by June 2017.

Due to Heritage not fulfilling its final commitment under the farm-in agreement, on September 22, 2015, Heritage re-transferred the other 40% participating interest in the licenses back to the Company's subsidiary, LNG PNG. Therefore as at December 31, 2016, the Company has a 60% working interest in PRL 13.

If the Company does not meet the expenditure or work program requirements outlined above, it may result in the loss of the licenses if variation applications are not approved by the DPE, which potentially may result in the carrying amount of \$1,895,227 related to PRL 13 being written off.

These licenses are subject to a 22.5% back-in participation right in favour of the government. The government may exercise this right at any point in time in exchange for 22.5% of the costs incurred in the development of the property until that point in time. The government also has a 2% royalty over any oil and natural gas production that may occur with respect to these licenses.

(b) Bulgaria

In September 2011, the Company entered into a farm-in transaction with a wholly owned subsidiary of TransAtlantic Petroleum Ltd. ("TransAtlantic"), to earn a 50% interest in a future production concession (the "Etropole Concession") in Bulgaria. An application for the Etropole Concession was denied in July 2014 and appealed by TransAtlantic and the Company. On June 15, 2016, the relevant court reaffirmed the decision of the Ministry of Energy to deny the concession and the matter stands closed. It is the Company's position that no further action is possible and that the Etropole Concession will not be granted.

Notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

4. Exploration and evaluation assets (continued)

(c) Poland

The Poland exploration and evaluation asset balance consisted of capitalized costs incurred by the Company related to its interest in concessions in Poland that were held through its interest in an associate and two joint ventures (Note 6). The Company withdrew from its interest in its associate Saponis Investments S.p.z.o.o. on March 31, 2015 and withdrew from its remaining two joint ventures in Poland, dissolving the associated Delaware LLCs (Joyce Podlaise LLC and Maryani Podlaise LLC) during the quarter ended December 31, 2016.

During the three months ended December 31, 2016, the Company also wound up its 100% owned subsidiary, Kaynes thereby fully withdrawing from Poland.

(d) United States

During the quarter ended December 31, 2016, the Company wound up its 100% owned Delaware subsidiary, Evolution Oil Group LLC.

Sheridan and Cascade County, Montana

In March 2015, the Company relinquished all of its oil and gas leases in Sheridan County and plugged and abandoned the Archer well (see Note 9). The costs associated with the oil and gas leases were impaired on December 31, 2014, and the net book value of both the oil and gas leases and the Archer well remained at \$Nil as at December 31, 2016.

On December 2014, the Company relinquished all of its oil and gas leases in Cascade County recognizing a full impairment of the costs associated with them.

5. Property, plant and equipment

Cost		
	¢	121 202
Balance, September 30, 2015	\$	131,283
Disposals		(2,760)
Foreign exchange movement		(416)
Balance, September 30, 2016	\$	128,107
Foreign exchange movement		(4,087)
Balance, December 31, 2016	\$	124,020
Accumulated depreciation		
Balance, September 30, 2015	\$	89,191
Depreciation		11,704
Disposals		(877)
Foreign exchange movement		(214)
Balance, September 30, 2016	\$	99,804
Depreciation		2,462
Foreign exchange movement		(4,087)
Balance, December 31, 2016	\$	98,179
Carrying amount		
Carrying value at September 30, 2015	\$	42,092
Carrying value at September 30, 2016	\$	28,303
Carrying value at December 31, 2016	\$	25,841

Notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

6. Subsidiaries and joint ventures

(a) Subsidiaries

Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	Place of incorporation	Proportion of own and voting p	•
		and operation	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016
LNG Energy (BC) Ltd. ("LNG BC")	Holding Company	British Columbia	100%	100%
LNG Exploration Ltd. ("LNG Exploration")	Holding Company	British Columbia	100%	100%
Kaynes Capital S.a.r.l. ("Kaynes")	Holding Company	Luxembourg	0%	100%
LNG Energy (PNG) Limited ("LNG PNG")	Operating Company	Papua New Guinea	100%	100%
LNG Energy No. 2 Limited ("LNG No. 2")	Operating Company	Papua New Guinea	100%	100%
Basin Tishomingo Holdings Inc. ("BTH")	Holding Company	Delaware	100%	100%
EERL (BVI) Ltd. ("EERL BVI")	Holding Company	British Virgin Islands	100%	100%
Evolution Petroleum Corporation ("EPC")	Holding Company	British Virgin Islands	100%	100%
Evolution Oil Group LLC ("EVO")	Operating Company	Delaware	0%	100%
Telemu No. 18 Limited ("Telemu")	Operating Company	Papua New Guinea	84.25%	84.25%

During the quarter ended December 31, 2016, the Company wound up its investment in Kaynes as part of the process to complete its exit from its Poland operations. See Note 11 – discontinued operations for further information. The Company also wound up its investment in Evolution Oil Group LLC. See Note 4(d).

(b) Joint ventures

Name of joint venture	Principal activity	Place of incorporation	Proportion of ow and voting	•
		and operation	December 31	September 30,
			2016	2016
Joyce Podlasie LLC ("Joyce")	Holding Company	Delaware	0%	50%
Maryani Podlasie LLC ("Maryani")	Holding Company	Delaware	0%	50%
EERL Holdings (BVI) Ltd. ("EERL Holdings")	Holding Company	British Virgin Islands	50%	50%

Notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

6. Subsidiaries and joint ventures (continued)

Joyce Podlasie LLC

As at September 30, 2016, the Company, through its subsidiary, Kaynes, held a 50% interest in Joyce. The remaining 50% interest in Joyce was owned by San Leon Energy Plc ("San Leon"). During the year ended September 30, 2016, the Company along with its joint venture partner San Leon informed the Ministry of Geology that the Ilawa concession was being relinquished. As at December 31, 2016, the Company exited from all investments in Poland, including Joyce.

Maryani Podlasie, LLC

As at September 30, 2016, the Company, through its subsidiary, Kaynes, held a 50% interest in Maryani. The remaining 50% interest in Maryani was owned by San Leon. The Wegrow concession that was previously held by Maryani expired in June 2014, which resulted in a full impairment of the Company's investment in Maryani during the year ended September 30, 2014. As at December 31, 2016, the Company exited from all investments in Poland, including Maryani.

EERL Holdings (BVI) Ltd.

As at December 31, 2016, the Company holds a 50% interest in EERL Holdings (BVI) Ltd ("EERL Holdings"). The remaining 50% ownership in EERL Holdings is owned by a third party. EERL Holdings owns 31.5% of Telemu. As at December 31, 2016, the investment in EERL Holdings is \$119,443 (September 30, 2016 – \$119,880).

7. Loans payable

As at December 31, 2016, the Company has a loan payable due to EERL Holdings of \$237,246 (September 30, 2016 - \$231,893). The loan is non-interest bearing and has no fixed date of repayment.

8. Share capital

- (a) Authorized
 - Unlimited number of common shares with no par value.

(b) Share options

The changes in share options during the three months ended December 31, 2016 and year ended September 30, 2016 were as follows:

	December	31, 2016	September 30, 2016		
		Average		Average	
	Number of	Exercise	Number of	Exercise	
	Options	Price	Options	Price	
Balance, beginning of the period	2,983,000	\$0.10	3,312,500	\$0.30	
Expired	(59,500)	\$0.10	(278,750)	\$2.40	
Forfeited	-	-	(50,750)	\$0.10	
Balance, end of the period	2,923,500	\$0.10	2,983,000	\$0.10	

Notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

8. Share capital (continued)

(b) Share options (continued)

During the three months ended December 31, 2016, no new options were issued and 4,500 and 55,000 stock options expired at exercise price of \$0.12 and \$0.095 respectively. The weighted average exercise price of options exercisable at December 31, 2016 is \$0.10 (September 30, 2016 - \$0.10).

The following table summarizes information about outstanding and exercisable options at December 31, 2016.

Options	Options Exercise		
outstanding	exercisable	price	Expiry date
866,500	866,500	\$0.12	January 8, 2019
2,057,000	2,057,000	\$0.095	April 2, 2020

The weighted average remaining life of exercisable options is 3.14 years (September 30, 2016 – 3.15 years).

9. Non-controlling interest

The Company has an 84.25% interest in Telemu, an oil and gas company incorporated and operating in PNG. 15.75% of Telemu's equity and total comprehensive income is allocated to the non-controlling interest using the indirect method. The non-controlling interest is comprised of the following amounts:

Balance, September 30, 2015	\$ (53,335)
Non-controlling interests' share of Telemu's loss	(60,917)
Foreign exchange translation	(47,323)
Balance, September 30, 2016	\$ (161,575)
Non-controlling interests' share of Telemu's income	1,107
Foreign exchange translation	6,041
Balance, December 31, 2016	\$ (154,427)

10. Income tax recovery (expense)

In March 2016, the Company received a US\$946,950 tax refund.

Notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

11. Discontinued operations

During the three months ended December 31, 2016, the Company wound up its 100% owned subsidiary, Kaynes thereby fully withdrawing from Poland. The following table presents summarized financial information related to the discontinued operations of the Company's assets in Poland:

Statement of comprehensive loss:

	De	ecember 31,	December 31,
		2016	2015
Foreign currency income (loss)		(2,305,220)	-
Income tax expense		(3,763)	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$	(2,308,983)	\$ -

12. Income (Loss) per share

The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of diluted loss per share reconciles to the weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic loss per share as follows:

	Three months			hree months
		ended		ended
	De	ecember 31,	D	ecember 31,
		2016		2015
Net gain (loss) attributable to equity shareholders				
From continuing operations	\$	84,934	\$	1,285,494
From discontinued operations		(2,308,983)		-
	\$	(2,224,049)	\$	1,285,494
Weighted average number of ordinary shares Effect of dilutive securities		39,762,771		39,762,771
Stock options		-		-
Diluted weighted average number of ordinary shares		39,762,771		39,762,771
Income (loss) per share				
Basic and diluted from continuing operations	\$	0.00	\$	0.03
Basic and diluted from discontinued operations	\$	(0.06)	\$	-

As at December 31, 2016, the Company has 2,923,500 (September 30, 2016 - 2,983,000) potential ordinary shares that are anti-dilutive and are therefore excluded from the weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of diluted gain (loss) per share.

Notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

13. Supplemental cash flow disclosure

The following tables provide further information with regards to the changes in non-cash working capital disclosed in the statement of cash flows:

	Three months ended December 31,								
		2016		2015					
Amounts receivable	\$	14,100	\$	(75,672)					
Prepaid expenses and other deposits		7,658		159,518					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(18,377)		78,353					
Net changes in non-cash working capital items	\$	3,381	\$	162,199					
Relating to:									
Operating activities	\$	3,381	\$	162,199					
Investing activities		-		-					
Net changes in non-cash working capital items	\$	3,381	\$	162,199					

14. Related party transactions

Balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. Details of the transactions between the Company and other related parties are disclosed below.

One of the Company's related parties is Pangea Management Corp., a private consulting company owned by a family member of one of the Company's directors. The Company incurred the following fees and expenses in the normal course of operations in connection with this related party. Expenses have been measured at the exchange amount which is determined on a cost recovery basis.

	Three months ended December 31,								
		2016		2015					
Consulting fees	\$	6,000	\$	12,000					
	\$	6,000	\$	12,000					

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at December 31, 2016, included \$Nil (September 30, 2016 – \$Nil) which was due to the related party.

The Company's other related party, owned 50% by the Company, had a loan payable due to EERL Holdings of \$237,246 as at December 31, 2016 (September 30, 2016 - \$231,893). The loan is non-interest bearing and has no fixed date of repayment.

Notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

15. Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of members of key management personnel during the three months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 was as follows:

Three months ended

		December 31,						
	20	016	2015					
Management fees								
Officers	\$	39,906 \$	117,798					
Director fees								
Directors		18,000	6,000					
Share-based payments (i)								
Directors and officers		-	11,561					
	\$	57,906 \$	135,359					

⁽i) Share based payments are the fair value of options granted to key management personnel including the officers and directors of the Company.

Key management personnel were not paid post-employment benefits, termination benefits, or other long-term benefits during the three months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at December 31, 2016, include \$18,000 of directors fees payable (September 30, 2016 - \$Nil). Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at December 31, 2016, included \$Nil due to private companies controlled by an officer and director of the Company (September 30, 2016 - \$997). Amounts due to or from related parties are unsecured, non-interest bearing and due on demand.

16. Segmented information

Geographic Information

The Company's assets by geographic areas as at December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016 are as follows:

			<u>)ec</u>	ember 31	, 2016			
	Pa	pua New			United			
		Guinea		Poland	States	(Canada	Total
Current assets	\$	659,144	\$	-	\$ 6,002,622	\$	460,841	\$ 7,122,607
Exploration and								
evaluation assets		2,970,906		-	-		-	2,970,906
Property, plant and								
equipment		-		-	-		25,841	25,841
Investment in associate								
and joint ventures		-		-	-		119,443	119,443
	\$	3,630,050	\$	-	\$ 6,002,622	\$	606,125	\$10,238,797

Notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

16. Segmented information (continued)

Geographic Information (continued)

September 30, 2016										
	Pa	apua New			United					
		Guinea		Poland	States		Canada		Total	
Current assets	\$	644,674	\$	14,970	\$ 5,879,166	\$	646,814	\$	7,185,624	
Exploration and										
evaluation assets	:	2,915,406		-	-		-		2,915,406	
Property, plant and										
equipment		-		-	-		28,302		28,302	
Investment in associate										
and joint ventures		-		-	-		119,880		119,880	
	\$:	3,560,080	\$	14,970	\$ 5,879,166	\$	794,996	\$	10,249,212	

The Company's expenses and income by geographic area for the three months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, are as follows:

Three months ended December 31, 2016

	Pap	oua New				United				
	G	Guinea		Poland		States	(Canada		Total
Net income (loss) from										
Continuing operations	\$	74,314	\$	-	\$	66,197	\$	(55,577)	\$	84,934
Discontinued operations		-	(2	2,308,983)		-		-		(2,308,983)
Net income (loss)	\$	74,314	\$ (2	2,308,983)	\$	66,197	\$	(55,577)	\$	(2,224,049)
Attributable to										
Non-controlling interest	\$	1,107	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,107
Equity shareholders of										
the Company		73,207	(2	2,308,983)		66,197		(55,577)		(2,225,156)
	\$	74,314	\$ (2,308,983)	\$	66,197	\$	(55,577)	\$	(2,224,049)
	Th	ree month	ıs e	nded Dece	mb	er 31, 2015				
	Pa	ıpua New								
	(Guinea		Poland	Ur	ited States		Canada		Total
Net income (loss) from										
Continuing operations	\$	(3,954)	\$	48,804	\$	981,472	\$	189,972	\$	1,216,294
Net income (loss)	\$	(3,954)	\$	48,804	\$	981,472	\$	189,972	\$	1,216,294
Attributable to	_		_		_		_		_	
Non-controlling interest Equity shareholders of	\$	(25,564)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(25,564)
the Company		21,610		48,804		981,472		189,972		1,241,858
	\$	(3,954)	\$	48,804	\$	981,472	\$	189,972	\$	1,216,294

Notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

17. Capital management

The Company manages, as capital, the components of shareholders' equity. The Company's objectives when managing capital are to (i) safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to explore its oil and gas interests, and (ii) to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the costs of capital at an acceptable risk.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue new equity if available on favorable terms, option its oil and gas properties for cash and/or expenditure commitments, enter into joint venture arrangements, or borrow, acquire or dispose of assets.

The Company's policy is to invest its cash in highly liquid, interest-bearing, fully guaranteed bank-sponsored instruments with maturities of a year or less from the date of acquisition. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

18. Financial instruments

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, amounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and loans payable.

(a) Fair value of financial instruments

(i) Fair value estimation of financial instruments

Financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value are grouped into a hierarchy based on the degree to which the fair value is observable. Level 1 fair value measurements are derived from unadjusted, quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 fair value measurements are derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability directly or indirectly. Level 3 fair value measurements are derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

The carrying amount for cash and cash equivalents, amounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the statement of financial position approximate their fair value due to the short-term to maturities of these financial instruments.

The carrying amount for loans payable approximates its fair value due to the short-term to maturity of this financial instrument.

(b) Financial risk management

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to certain financial risks, including credit risk, liquidity and funding risk, and market risk. There have been no substantive changes in the Company's exposure to financial instrument risk, the Company's objectives, policies and processes for managing those risks or the methods used to measure them from previous years.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The overall objective of the Board is to set policies that seek to reduce the Company's risk as far as possible without unduly affecting the Company's competitiveness and flexibility. Further details regarding these policies are set out below.

Notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

18. Financial instruments (continued)

(b) Financial risk management (continued)

(i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a third party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's credit risk arises principally from the Company's cash and cash equivalents and amounts receivable. Cash consists of cash on deposit in major banks that are considered to be creditworthy. Amounts receivable are comprised primarily of amounts due from GST receivables from the government in Canada. The carrying values of the financial assets represent the maximum credit exposure.

(ii) Liquidity and funding risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company ensures that there is sufficient capital in order to meet short-term business requirements, after taking into account the Company's holdings of cash and cash equivalents. The Company's cash is invested in business accounts and are available on demand.

Funding risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to raise equity financing in a timely manner and on terms acceptable to management. There is no assurance that such financing will be available when, and if, the Company requires additional equity financing (Note 2c).

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into contracts and performs business activities that give rise to commitments for future minimum payments. The following table summarizes the Company's significant remaining contractual maturities for financial liabilities at December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016.

December :	31, 20)16			
	L	ess than	1	l - 5	
		1 year	y	ears	Total
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Loans payable	\$	387,171 237,246	\$	-	\$ 387,171 237,246
Total	\$	624,417	\$	-	\$ 624,417
September	30, 20)16			
	L	ess than	1	l - 5	
		1 year	y	ears	Total
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Loans payable	\$	390,211 231,893	\$	- -	\$ 390,211 231,893
Total	\$	622,104	\$	-	\$ 622,104

Notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

18. Financial instruments (continued)

(b) Financial risk management (continued)

(iii) Market risk

The Company is subject to normal market risks including fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and interest rates. While the Company manages its operations in order to minimize exposure to these risks, the Company has not entered into any derivatives or contracts to hedge or otherwise mitigate this exposure.

(a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk arising from the effect of changes in prevailing interest rates on the Company's financial instruments. The Company has minimal exposure to interest rate fluctuations on its cash and cash equivalent balances due to current low market interest rates.

(b) Foreign currency risk

Some of the Company's exploration expenditures, certain acquisition costs and other operating expenses are denominated in the US dollar, Papua New Guinea kina, Polish zloty and European Euro. The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk arises primarily on fluctuations between the Canadian dollar and the US dollar, Papua New Guinea kina, Polish zloty and European Euro. The Company has not entered into any derivative instruments to manage foreign exchange fluctuations.

19. Restatement of prior period amounts

During the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2016, Esrey determined that the current income tax recoveries being recognized by the entity as cash was collected should have been recognized on an accrual basis in the period in which the Company was entitled to the recovery.

The effect of the restatement on the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2015, September 30, 2015 and October 1, 2014 is as follows:

	December 31, 2015								
	As reported	Adjustment	Restated						
Accumulated other			_						
comprehensive income	7,484,282	317,593	7,801,875						
Deficit	(119,719,426)	884,027	(118,835,399)						

	Se	eptember 30, 20)15	October 1, 2014				
	As reported	Adjustment	Restated	As reported	Adjustment	Restated		
Income tax receivable	\$ -	\$ 1,201,620	\$ 1,201,620	\$ -	\$ 1,720,520	\$ 1,720,520		
Accumulated other								
comprehensive income	7,641,666	317,593	7,959,259	7,451,804	57,885	7,509,689		
Deficit	(120,961,284)	884,027	(120,077,257)	(120,504,715)	1,662,635	(118,842,080)		

Notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

19. Restatement of prior period amounts (continued)

The effect of the restatement on the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss for the year ended September 30, 2015 is as follows:

	A	s reported	Α	djustment	Restated
Income tax recovery	\$	1,881,331	\$	(778,608)	\$ 1,102,723
Net loss		(665,259)		(778,608)	(1,443,867)
Net loss to equity shareholders of the Company		(456,569)		(778,608)	(1,235,177)
Foreign currency translation gain for equity					
shareholders of the Company		189,862		259,708	449,570
Net income (loss) per share from continuing					
operations - basic and diluted		0.01		(0.02)	(0.01)

20. Contingent Transaction

On December 8, 2016, Esrey signed a non-binding Letter of Intent with Enablence Technologies Inc., an emerging supplier of optical components and subsystems for telecommunication access in metro and data center markets, that provides for a combination of the two companies. Due diligence is ongoing.